Interaction of interlocking apparatus in traffic bureau and signal box in Austrian stations

No.	Actor	Operating sequence for a train movement	Traffic bureau			Signal box					
			Route lever	Ba block	Fa block	Points	Route lever	Ff block	Be block	Ts block	signal lever
				instrument	instrument	levers**		instrument	instrument	instrument [#]	
1.		Normal position	[unblocked	blocked	arbitrary**		unblocked	blocked	blocked	stop
2.		The traffic director selects a route via the route lever (which prevents	/								
	traffic	setup of conflicting routes)		unblocked					blocked		
3.		and blocks the Ba ("unlock signal") block instrument. This unblocks the		blocked					unblocked		
	director	corresponding Be block instrument at the signal box, which has the									
		meaning of an "order" given to the signalman to set up the selected									
		route.				arbitrary**					
4.		For the indicated route, the signalman aligns the points and FPLs, sets				aligned for					
		derails and moves necessary shunt signals to the stop position.				selected					
						route	l				
5.	signal- man	He locks all these elements mechanically with his route lever					/				
		(reversable)			blocked			unblocked			
6.		and then locks the route lever electrically with the route locking block			unblocked			blocked			stop
		instrument (Ff). This cannot be reversed at the signal box.									
7.		The signal is now unlocked, and the signalman can reverse the signal									clear
		lever [†] .								blocked	
8.		Via a short track circuit, the train unblocks the button lock (Ts), which								unblocked	
٥.	train	allows blocking of the adjacent Be block instrument.								uliblocked	
		,									clear
9.		The signalman, after checking the train's tail lamp, returns the signals to									stop
		their stop position and		blocked					unblocked	unblocked	
10.	man	can now "return the order" by blocking back the Be block instrument.		unblocked				l	blocked	blocked	
		At the same time, the button lock is also blocked to its locking position.			unblocked			blocked			
11.		The traffic director releases the route lock by blocking the route	/		blocked			unblocked			
		releasing block instrument (Fa) and					,				
12.,	director	moves his route lever to the normal position. He can now set up and	l				/				
13.		"command" other routes to his signal boxes.				alianad far					
		The signalman can now also return his route lever to the normal				aligned for selected					
	signal-	position, which finally				route					
1.4	man	unlocks the locked points. FDL down! and short signal laws that are									
14. = 1.		unlocks the locked points, FPL, derail, and shunt signal levers that can now be used freely again.				arbitrary**					
= 1.		now be used freely again.									

⁺ It is always possible to return the signal to its stop position.

^{*} also FPLs, derails, and shunting signals.

[#] called "button lock" by

^{**} By rule, points and derails must be in their normal position unless J.Pachl reverse position is needed for shunting or some other purpose.